DEC / 24 TP301 VERSION 1

Smart Position Transmitter









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web: www.smar.com/contactus.asp

INTRODUCTION

The **TP301** is from the well-know Hart[®] [[]family of Smar's devices. It is a smart transmitter for position measurements. It can measure displacement or movement of rotary or linear type. The digital technology and communication provide an easy interface between the field and control room and several interesting features that considerably reduce the installation, operation, and maintenance costs.

TP301 uses a magnetic coupler without physical contact to measure the position. Therefore, it is immune to vibrations resulting in a larger operational timelife. The magnetic coupler replacing the mechanical connection, results in a clear reduction of the deadband. TP301 can be set up in any linear or rotary valve, actuator or a variety of other equipment, such as floodgate skylight, dampers, rolls mill height, crusher, etc.

The **TP301**, besides the normal function of position measurement and 4-20 mA output generation, offers the following features:

✓ Linear or rotary travel type;

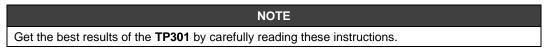
✓ 0.1% F.S.;

✓ Position calibration (4 - 20 mA) via local adjustment or remote calibration via configurator;

✓ Noncontact position sensing;

✓ Optional LCD indicator;

✓ Diagnostics and configuration via Hart[®] communication.



NOTE

This manual is compatible with version 1.XX, where 1 denotes software version and XX software release. The indication 1.XX means that this manual is compatible with any release of software version 1.

Waiver of responsibility

The contents of this manual abides by the hardware and software used on the current equipment version. Eventually there may occur divergencies between this manual and the equipment. The information from this document are periodically reviewed and the necessary or identified corrections will be included in the following editions. Suggestions for their improvement are welcome.

Warning

For more objectivity and clarity, this manual does not contain all the detailed information on the product and, in addition, it does not cover every possible mounting, operation or maintenance cases.

Before installing and utilizing the equipment, check if the model of the acquired equipment complies with the technical requirements for the application. This checking is the user's responsibility.

If the user needs more information, or on the event of specific problems not specified or treated in this manual, the information should be sought from Smar. Furthermore, the user recognizes that the contents of this manual by no means modify past or present agreements, confirmation or judicial relationship, in whole or in part.

All of Smar's obligation result from the purchasing agreement signed between the parties, which includes the complete and sole valid warranty term. Contractual clauses related to the warranty are not limited nor extended by virtue of the technical information contained in this manual.

Only qualified personnel are allowed to participate in the activities of mounting, electrical connection, startup and maintenance of the equipment. Qualified personnel are understood to be the persons familiar with the mounting, electrical connection, startup and operation of the equipment or other similar apparatus that are technically fit for their work. Smar provides specific training to instruct and qualify such professionals. However, each country must comply with the local safety procedures, legal provisions and regulations for the mounting and operation of electrical installations, as well as with the laws and regulations on classified areas, such as intrinsic safety, explosion proof, increased safety and instrumented safety systems, among others.

The user is responsible for the incorrect or inadequate handling of equipments run with pneumatic or hydraulic pressure or, still, subject to corrosive, aggressive or combustible products, since their utilization may cause severe bodily harm and/or material damages.

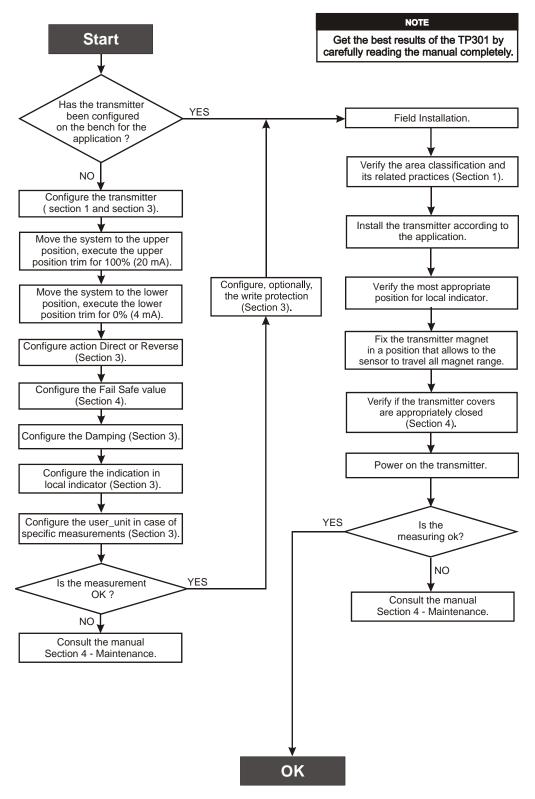
The field equipment referred to in this manual, when acquired for classified or hazardous areas, has its certification void when having its parts replaced or interchanged without functional and approval tests by Smar or any of Smar authorized dealers, which are the competent companies for certifying that the equipment in its entirety meets the applicable standards and regulations. The same is true when converting the equipment of a communication protocol to another. In this case, it is necessary sending the equipment to Smar or any of its authorized dealer. Moreover, the certificates are different and the user is responsible for their correct use.

Always respect the instructions provided in the Manual. Smar is not responsible for any losses and/or damages resulting from the inadequate use of its equipments. It is the user's responsibility to know and apply the safety practices in his country.

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Installation Flowchart



INSTALLATION

General

NOTE

NOTE

The installation carried out in hazardous areas should follow the recommendations of the IEC60079-14 standard.

See appendix "A" Hazardous Area Certifications.

The overall accuracy of measurement and control depends on several variables. Although the converter has an outstanding performance, proper installation is essential, in order to maximize its performance.

Among all factors, which may affect converter accuracy environmental conditions are the most difficult to control. There are, however, ways of reducing the effects of temperature, humidity and vibration.

In warm environments, the transmitter should be installed to avoid, as much as possible, direct exposure to the sun. Installation close to lines and vessels subjected to high temperatures should also be avoided. Use of sun shades or heat shields to protect the transmitter from external heat sources should be considered, if necessary.

Humidity is fatal to electronic circuits. In areas subjected to high relative humidity, the o-rings for the electronics cover must be correctly placed. Removal of the electronics cover in the field should be reduced to the minimum necessary, since each time it is re-moved, the circuits are exposed to the humidity.

The electronic circuit is protected by a humidity proof coating, but frequent exposures to humidity may affect the protection provided. It is also important to keep the covers tightened in place. Every time they are removed, the threads are exposed to corrosion, since these parts cannot be protected by painting. Code approved sealing methods on conduit entering the transmitter should be employed.

Although the transmitter is virtually insensitive to vibration, installation close pumps, turbines or other vibrating equipment should be avoided.

Mounting

The **TP301** mounting depends on the type movement, linear or rotary. Two brackets are required for mounting, one for the magnet and the other for the transmitter itself.

NOTE

Make sure that arrow engraved on the magnet coincides with the arrow engraved on the Position Transmitter when the system is in mid travel. When mounting the the Position Transmitter, consider that:

- 1. There is no friction between the internal magnet face and the position sensor salience all over the travel (rotary or linear).
- 2. A minimum distance of 2 mm to of 4 mm distance is recommended between the magnet external face and the Position Transmitter face.

Should the transmitter installation change, or magnet change, or should any other modification, the transmitter will require a re-calibration.

IMPORTANT

If the self diagnostics detect a transmitter failure, for example the loss of the power, the analog signal will go to 3.9 mA or to 21.0 mA to alert the user (High or low alarm signal is user selectable).

The following Figures 1.1 and 1.3 show both linear and rotary typical mounting:

Rotary Movement

Install the magnet on the valve stem using the magnet mounting bracket.

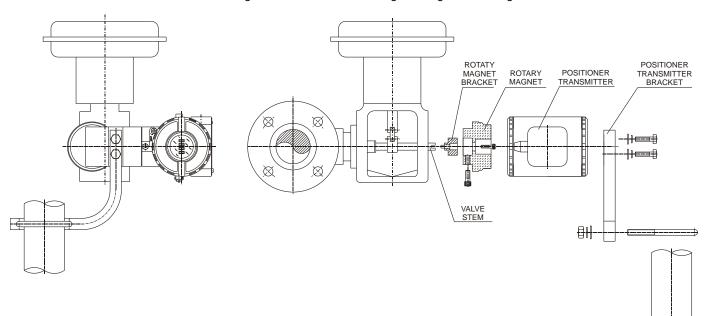


Figure 1.1 - Transmitter on a Rotary Actuator

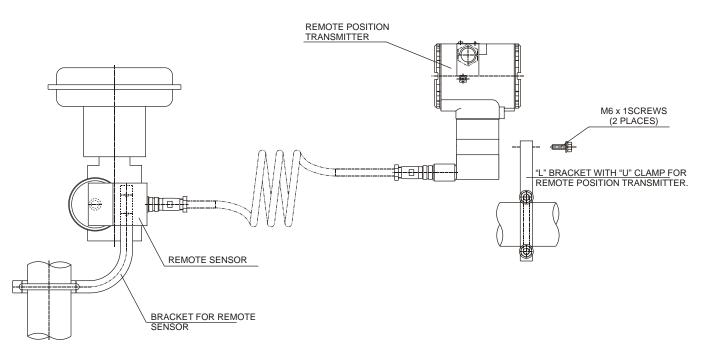


Figure 1.2 – Position Transmitter on Rotary Actuator with Remote Position Sensor

Linear Movement

Install the magnet on the valve stem using the magnet mounting bracket.

The linear magnet movement must be orthogonal in relation to the main axis of the position transmitter. For example, if the linear magnet movement is vertical, the transmitter main axis must be horizontal, as show in Figure 1.3.

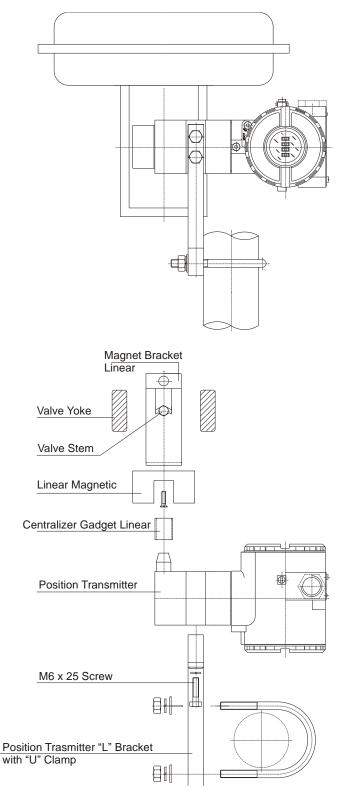


Figure 1.3 - Transmitter on a Linear Actuator

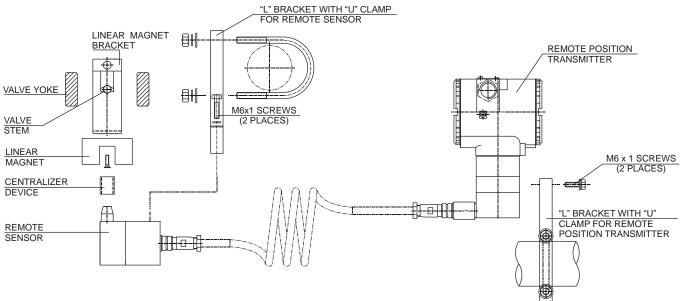
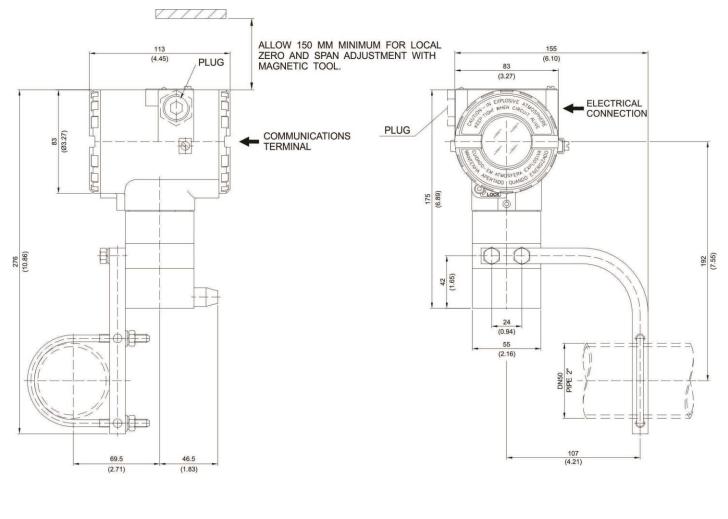


Figure 1.4 – Position Transmitter on Linear Actuator with Remote Position Sensor

See below the TP301, dimensional drawings.



LINEAR MAGNET

ROTARY MAGNET

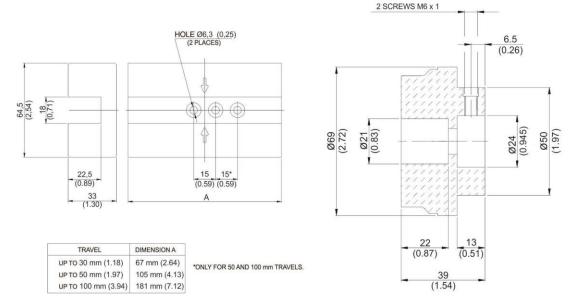


Figure 1.5 – TP301 Dimensional Drawing / Magnets Dimensional Drawing

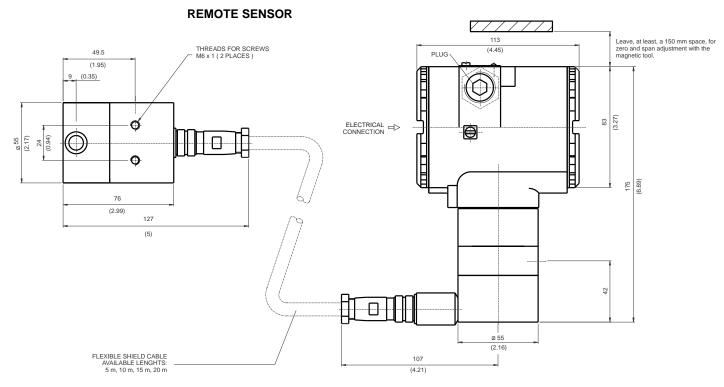
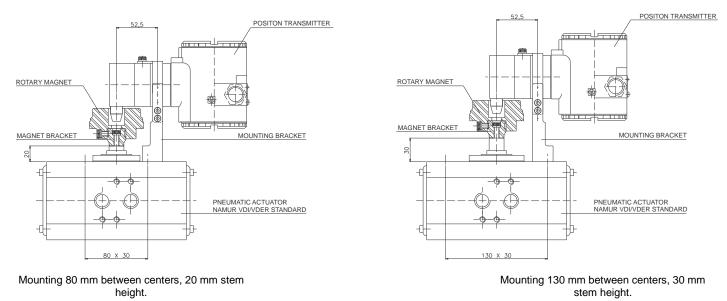


Figure 1.5.a – Remote Sensor Dimensional Drawing

SPECIAL MOUNTING BRACKET - ROTARY VDI / VDE NAMUR

Mounting bracket of the position transmitter for rotary valves actuated via type actuators rack and pinion, designed to comply with NAMUR VDI/VDE.





Electronic Housing Rotating

The electronic housing rotates for a better digital display reading. To rotate it, release the housing rotation screw.

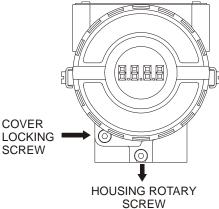


Figure 1.6 - Cover Locking and Housing Rotation Set Screw

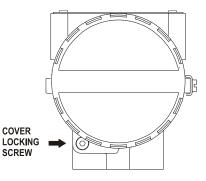


Figure 1.7 - Cover Locking Screw

Electric Wiring

The digital display also rotates for better reading. It is necessary to release the electronic house front cover (release de cover locking screw), release the electronic circuit board screws and choose one of the 90° different positions. Reassembly the whole set. To access the terminal block for electronic connections, remove the cover locking screw.

The terminal block accepts forks or eye-type connectors. For convenience there are two ground terminals: one inside the cover and one external, located close to the conduit entries.

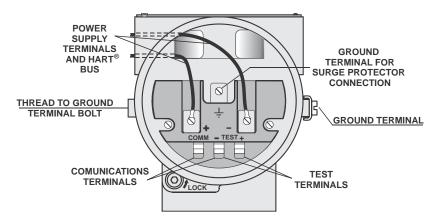


Figure 1.8 - Wiring Block

Use of twisted pair (22 AWG or greater than) cables is recommended. Avoid routing signal wiring cables close to power cables or switching equipment.

The **TP301** is protected against reverse polarity, and supports \Box 50 mA without damage.

The following figures show the possibilities for **TP301** connections.

ATTENTION

For proper operation, the configurator requires a minimum load of 250 Ohm between it and the power supply.

The configurator can be connected to the transmitter communication terminals or at any point of the signal line by using the interface IF3 with alligator clips.

It is also recommended to ground the shield of shielded cables at one end only. The non grounded end must be carefully isolated.

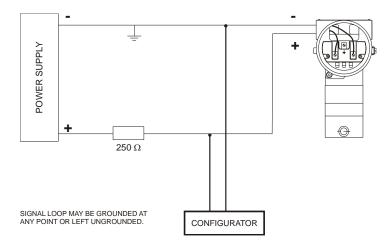
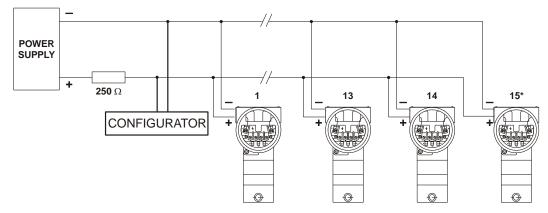


Figure 1.9 - TP301 Wiring Diagram

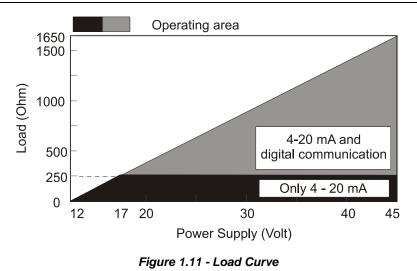
The Figure 1.10 shows a typical **TP301** connection in multidrop configuration. Such configurations allow a maximum of 15 transmitters on the same line connected in parallel. Take care to the power supply capacity as well, when many transmitters are connected on the same line.



* MAXIMUM NUMBER WITHOUT CONSIDERING INTRINSIC SAFETY

Figure 1.10 - TP301 Wiring Diagram for Multidrop Configuration

	NOTE		
Make sure that the transmitter is opera Communication requires a minimum load		area as shown	on the load curve.



Recommendations for mounting Approved Equipment with the IP66/68 W certifications ("W" indicates certification for use in saline atmospheres)

NOTE This TP301 certification is valid for stainless steel transmitter manufactured, approved with the certification IP66/68 W. All transmitter external material, such as plugs, connections etc., should be made in stainless steel. The electrical connection with 1/2" – 14NPT thread must use a sealant. A non-hardening silicone sealant is recommended. The instrument modification or replacement parts supplied by other than authorized representative of Smar is prohibited and will void the certification.

Rotary and Linear Magnet

The Figure 1.12 shows typical shapes for both magnets. For better transmitter performance, the linear magnet is presented with different lengths. Consult the ordering code table for the best choice.



Figure 1.12 – Linear and Rotary Magnet Models

Remote Position Sensor

The remote magnetic position sensor, based on hall effect, is recommended for high temperature or extreme vibration applications. It prevents excessive wear of the equipment and, consequently, increasing the transmitter lifetime

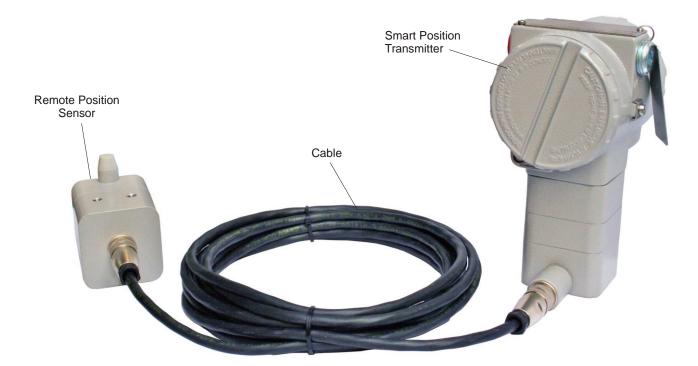


Figure 1.13 - Remote Position Sensor

The electric signals on the remote sensor's cable and connections are of low intensity. Therefore, when installing the cable inside the conduit (maximum limit 20 (meters) length), keep it away from possible sources of induction and/or magnetic interference. The cable supplied by Smar is shielded with excellent protection against electromagnetic interference, but despite of this protection, it is recommended to avoid the cable sharing the same conduit with other cables.

The connector for Remote Position Sensor is easy to handle and simple to install.

See the installation procedure:



Figure 1.14 - Connecting the Cable to the Remote Position Sensor



Figure 1.15 - Connecting the Cable to the Position Transmitter

Installation in Hazardous Areas

Consult the Appendix A for Hazardous Location Approvals.

OPERATION

Functional Description - Position Sensor

The Position Sensor supplies an output voltage proportional to the applied magnetic field. This magnetic sensor, based on hall effect, is ideal for sensing linear or rotative position. The mechanical vibrations do not affect Position Sensor.

Functional Description - Electronics

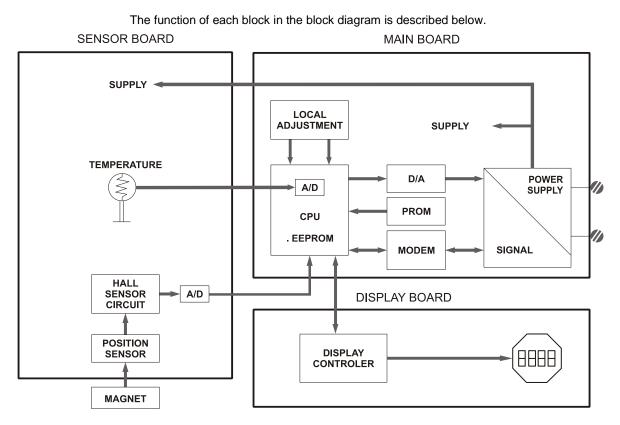


Figure 2.1 - TP301 Block Diagram

Hall Effect Position Sensor

The magnet, installed in the instrument to the position to be measured, moves the of the instrument movement accordingly. The hall effect position sensor detects the movement and produces a small voltage change variation proportional to the magnetic field variation due to the magnet movement.

Temperature Sensor

The sensor circuit of hall processes that tension variation, generating a signal for the converter A/D. The converter A/D produces a set of signals for the transmitter CPU (Central Processing Unit).

Modem HART

Modulates and demodulates communication signals superimposed onto current line. A "1" is represented by 1200 Hz and a "0" by 2200 Hz. The frequency signal is symmetrical and does not affect the DC level of the of the 4 - 20 mA signal.

CPU Central Processing Unit, RAM, PROM and EEPROM

The CPU is the transmitter intelligent part, being responsible for the data management and block execution, operation self-diagnostics and communication. The program is stored in PROM. For temporary storage of data there is a RAM. The data in the RAM is lost if the power is switched off, however the device also has a non-volatile EEPROM where key data is stored. Examples of such data are the calibration and **TP301** configuration.

Power Supply

The transmitter is powered with 12 to 45 Vdc using the signal line (2-wire system). The transmitter quiescent consumption is 3.6 mA; during operation, consumption may be as high as 21 mA, depending on the measurement and sensor status. If configured for low signal failure, the **TP301** shows 3.6 mA indication if configured for high signal failure, it shows 21 mA indication; 3.8 mA in the case of low saturation; 20.5 mA in the case of high saturation and measurements proportional to the range position between 4 mA and 20 mA. 4 mA corresponds to 0% of the working range and 20 mA to100 % of the range.

Display Controller

Receives data from the CPU and drives the liquid crystal display (LCD).

Local Adjustment

Local adjustment is provided by means of two magnetically actuated switches with no external electric or mechanical contact, by using a magnetic tool.

Local Indicator

The local indicator is used for signaling and operation in local adjustment. During normal operation, the **TP301** remains in the monitoring mode and the display indicates the valve position, either as a percentage or as a current readout, according to the end-user configuration. The magnetic tool activates the local programming mode, by inserting it in orifice Z on the electronic housing.

The possible configuration and monitoring operation are shown on figure 2.2. When first powered, the **TP301** initializes, by showing model **TP301** and its software version (X.XX) on the display.

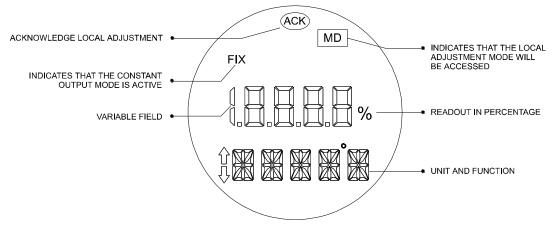


Figure 2.2 - Local Indicator

Monitoring

During normal operation, the **TP301** remains in the monitoring mode. The figure 2.3 shows the positioning on the display. The display simultaneously shows the readout and other information chosen.

Normal displaying is interrupted when the magnetic tool is placed in orifice Z (Local Adjustment), starting the programming and local adjustment mode. The figure 3.1 shows the result of tool insertion in orifices Z and S, which inform, respectively, movement and actuation of the selected options.



Figure 2.3 – Typical Indicator

CONFIGURATION

The **TP301** is configured via Local Adjust or configurators with digital communication (HART[®] Protocol). It is also possible to configure the **TP301** via the CONF401 configuration tool or any FDT/DTM software application, both for desk or laptop.

To enable local adjustment, the jumper "W1" located on top of the main board shall be connected to the pins where the word "ON" is engraved on the circuit board. See Figure 3.2.

There are two orifices on the position transmitter, under its nameplate, identified by S and Z respectively, which provide access to two magnetic switches actuated by means of a magnetic tool.

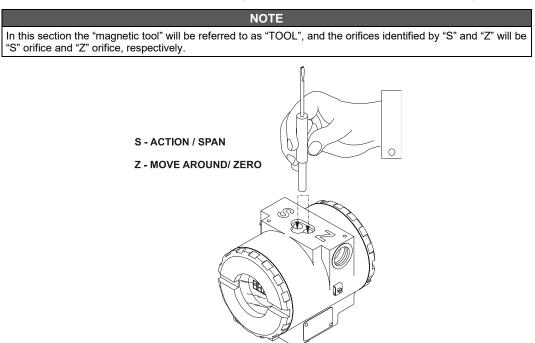


Figure 3.1 - Orifices of Local Adjustment

The table below shows the results of actions on "Z" and "S" on the TP301.

ORIFICE	ACTION
Z	Browsing the programming tree function.
S	Selects the displayed function.

The digital display is necessary for local adjustment programming.

Jumper Connection

Simple Local adjustment - W2 Jumper connected in SI

If the W2 jumper is connected in SI (see Figure 3.2), simple local adjustment enabled; the calibration can be done at the position of 0% inserting the cable of the tool in the Z orifice and 100% inserting it in the S orifice.

Complete Local adjustment - W2 Jumper Connected in COM

With the jumper connected in COM (see Figure 3.2), complete local adjustment enabled, allowing to change the displayed unit direct or reverse indication and to calibrate the lower position (LOPOS) or the upper position (UPPOS).

NOTE

After configuring these parameters, we recommend to leave the W1 jumper in OFF (disabled) to avoid accidental mis-configuration.

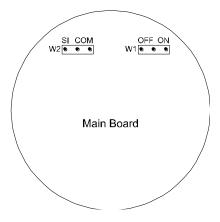


Figure 3.2 - W2 and W1 Jumpers

Local Adjustment

Local Configuration Tree

The Local Adjustment Configuration Tree, as per Figure 3.3, shows possesses the available functions in the equipment.

Step 1

To configure the functions, it is enough to maintain the magnetic tool in Z; in that way it will browse all the available functions. See the available functions in the figure 3.3.

Step 2

When the indicator shows the function the user wants to change, remove the tool and insert it in the orifice S. If there are more options on this particular function, just keep the magnetic tool in that orifice, to browse the functions submenus.

Step 3

To select an option of this submenu, remove the magnetic tool and to insert it again in the orifice Z.

To act in other functions, wait until the display shows the main tree branch and remove the tool to exit the Local Adjustment.

NOTE

Remove the Magnetic Tool of the orifice to Save (to execute) the selected option. When the display shows the symbol ACK: option was accepted.

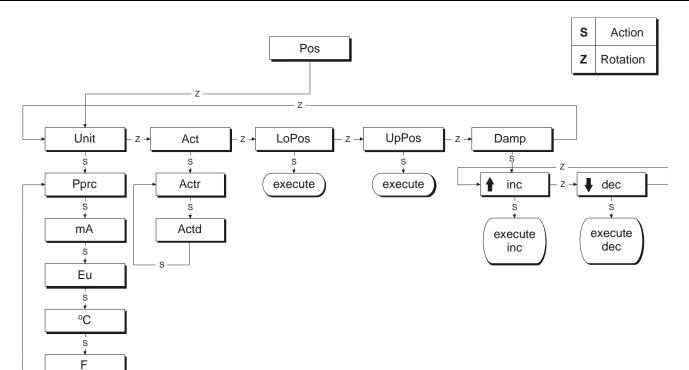


Figure 3.3 – Local Adjustment Configuration Tree

Description of the Parameters of the Local Adjustment Configuration Tree

POS – Position in Percentage

UNIT

S

Engineering Unit or Percentage.

Pprc Position in Percentage.

mA (Milliampere) Current.

Eu (End User's choice) Position.

°C (Degrees Celsius) Temperature.

F (Degrees Fahrenheit) Temperature.

ACT

Action.

Actr Reverse action. Actd Direct action.

LOPOS (0% Position) TRIM of inferior position.

UPPOS (100% Position) TRIM of Superior Position.

DAMP (Damping)

Reduction function.

Inc Increment.

Dec

Decrement.

NOTE

Every parameter configuration shall be performed judiciously, since it writes the configuration parameters on permanent basis and does not ask for confirmation by the user. Once it is performed it is assumed to be the desired configuration.

Procedure to Calibrate the Position Transmitter

Calibration using the jumper in simple local adjustment

If the simple local adjustment is enabled, only the lower and upper position can be adjusted.

See the steps:

Step 1

Place the magnet at the lower point and insert the magnet tool in the Z orifice.

Step 2

To adjust the upper value, place the magnet in the upper point and insert the tool in the S orifice.

After this, move the device to the upper and lower position and check the measurement on the display.

Calibration for the complete local adjustment

When the complete local adjustment is enabled the can be configured,

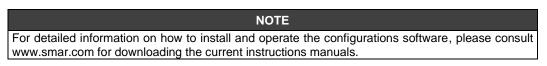
- the Display Indication in:
 - Position in % (Perc);
 - Current in mA (mA);
 - Temperature in °C (C);
 - Temperature in F (F).
- the indication Direct or Reverse;
- the Lower and Upper Position.



To change from percentage indication (factory default) to any available engineering units, refer to the configuration through configurators (see the programming tree at the configurator manual).

Configuration via Configurators

TP301 can be configured through the manual portable configurator portable manual based on PalmOS platform. Besides, the **TP301** has connectivity with FDT/DTM, CONF401 and DDCON configuration application for desk and laptop.



Configuration via manual configurator

See below the programming tree for the portable configurator based on PalmOS platform.

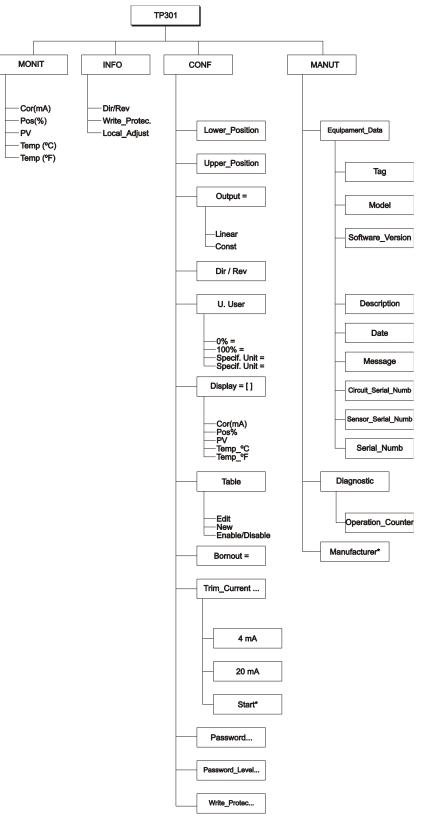


Figure 3.4 – TP301 programming tree for the portable configurator based on PalmOS platform

TABLE OF POINTS - LINEARIZATION

The output signal follows a curve determined by 16 points freely configurable.

	TABLE OF POINTS - LINEARIZATION					
Points %	Actual Value (process Out) X(%)	Desired position value (of the process) Y(%)				
1	0	0				
2	26.4	25	5 Points			
3	48.6	50	(See figure: Position graphic of the			
4	74.2	75	magnet)			
5	100	100				
6	-	-				
			Not used			
•	•	•				
•						
16	-	-				

Table function (Linearization)

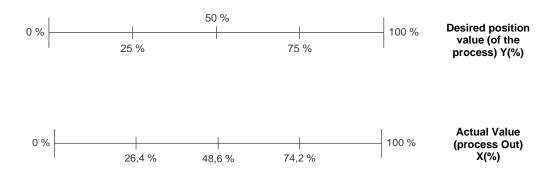
Depending on the application and according with the process, the transmitter output or PV is shown in one linear characteristic curve (position, level, opening etc.). TP also has the option for adjust this curve of linear output, to that the value in percentage can be linearized, you have to uses a table 16 points at maximum and minimum points 2. The output is calculated by interpolating these points. The user can set the total of points desired.

To configure the feature table:

- The user must choose the item "function" to "table" option.
- Select the number of points, according to you need, 2-16 points.
- Create the table and indicate the current position value in the "X" (%) column and the desired position value in the "Y" (%) column. Once created the table, send the points for the position transmitter.
- Done, this configured.

Position Graphic of the Magnet

Exemple:



NOTE: If the table is enabled there will be an indication on the Display LCD with the F(X) icon.

Figure 3.5 - Position Graphic of the Magnet

- Applications with base in FDT/DTM (Field Device Tool/Device Type Manager) The **TP301** comes with the factory default connectivity with FDT/DTM systems.

The FDT (Field Device Tool) it is a digital communication technology between field devices and systems. It is a non proprietary communication protocol (open) and its use has been growing quickly, as a result of the user's search for an independence in relation to the suppliers.

The DTM (Device Type Manager) it is an application based on the DD - device description, and it is responsible to link all the device information for instance the TP301, with the FDT. This

system is interactive, in other words, not only it reads the **TP301** parameters, but also it "writes" information into the **TP301**.

To configure the **TP301** with the FDT/DTM tool, please refer to the TP301DTM manual - Device Type Manager downloadable from www.smar.com. The Figure 3.5 is an example of one of the available screens for the **TP301**.

	S?	TP301	HART
		Online Parameteri	ze
- DIdentification	Calibration	 🖧 Configuration	n 👘 🔂 Multidrop
<i>a</i>		Table	Maintenance
dentification	ć		
dentification	TAG	Device Serial Number	0
	5-	Device Serial Number Write Protect	0 Disabled
Tag	TAG		
Tag Descriptor	TAG 16 CHARACTERS	Write Protect	Disabled 💌
Descriptor Message	TAG 16 CHARACTERS 32 CHARACTERS	Write Protect Firmware Revision	Disabled

Figure 3.5 – TP301DTM Screen "Online Parameterize"

- CONF401

The CONF401 is a configurator HART for PC allowing easy configuration and field devices monitoring. It also of analyzes device data and modify its performance. The graphic interface is intuitive and easy to learn and to use, doing with that is not necessary the use.

CONF401 is compatible with Windows 95/98/ME/NT/2000 and XP.

CONF401 is compatible with the interfaces: HI311, HI321, HFI400, DDCON100 and any interface HART[©] based on the protocol RS232 <->HART.

Minimum configuration:

- 1. Pentium 350 MHz processor;
- 2. Windows 95/98/ME/NT/2000/XP operating system;
- 3. 128 MB RAM;
- 4. At least a door serial (HI311) or it carries USB (HI321, HFI400 or DDCON100) available.

To configure see the Manual of the User of CONF401 - CONFIGURADOR HART[®], in the site http://www.smar.com or http://www.smarresearch.com.

🛓 CONF401			
<u>File</u> <u>S</u> ettings	Tools	Help	
HART Netw HART Netw Offline	ork		
HART Seri		or	
<u>F</u> ile			

Figure 3.6 – CONF401 Screen

🔹 New Device	
Please select which type you would like for your new Offline	Device.
LD291	_
TT301	=
FY301	
TP301	
DT301	
HCC301	-
<u>O</u> K <u>C</u> ancel	

Figure 3.7 – New Device

🗂 TAG - TP30	11					
Information	Configuration	Table	User Unit	Notes		
					Type:	TP301
					Tag:	TAG
				Des	scriptor:	16 CHARACTERS
				М	essage:	32 CHARACTERS
	Date (mm/dd/yyyy): 10/22/2007				10/22/2007	
	Save					

Figure 3.8 – TP301 Configuration Screen

- DDCON 100 DDL Based HART Configurator
 - To configure see the manual in the site: http://www.smarresearch.com.



Figure 3.9 – DDCON 100 - DDL Based HART Configurator

FAIL SAFE (Alarm Selection)

The Fail Safe parameter is set by using the configurators only. It allows to the user to configure the **TP301** to alarm when the current is as lows as 3.6 mA or as high as 21 mA.

MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES

General

Smar **TP301** Position Transmitters are extensively tested and inspected before delivered to the end user. Nevertheless, during their design and development, Smar considered the possibility of repairs by the end user, if necessary.

In general, it is recommended that the end user do not try to repair printed circuit boards. Instead, he should have spare circuit boards, ordered from Smar whenever necessary.

Recommendations for mounting Approved Equipment with the IP66/68 W certifications ("W" indicates certification for use in saline atmospheres)

NOTE

The certification is valid for stainless steel transmitter manufactured, approved with the certification IP66/68 W. All transmitter external material, such as plugs, connections etc., should be made in stainless steel.

The electrical connection with 1/2" - 14NPT thread must use a sealant. A non-hardening silicone sealant is recommended.

The instrument modification or replacement parts supplied by other than authorized representative of Smar is prohibited and will void the certification.

Diagnostic with Configurator

In case any malfunction related to the transmitter output, investigation may be carried out with the configurator, as long as the transmitter is powered, the communication and the processing unit are operating normally.

Connect the configurator to the transmitter according to the wiring diagram shown on Section 1.

ERROR MESSAGES

When communicating using the configurator the user will be informed about any problem found by the transmitter self diagnostics.

The messages always alternate with the information on the top line. The table below lists the error messages, potential source of malfunction and more details on corrective action.

ERROR MESSAGES	POTENTIAL SOURCE OF PROBLEM
PARITY ERROR	The line resistance is not according to technical characteristics.
OVERRUN ERROR	Excessive noise or ripple.
CHECK SUM ERROR	Low level signal.
FRAMING ERROR	Interface damaged.
FRAMINGERROR	• Power supply or battery voltage of the configurator lower than 9 V.
	Transmitter line resistance is not according to technical characteristics.
	Transmitter not powered.
	Transmitter not connected or damaged.
NO RESPONSE	Transmitter configured in multidrop mode being accessed by "ON LINE SINGLE UNIT".
	• Transmitter reversely powered (Polarity is reversed).
	Interface damaged.
	• Power supply or battery voltage of the configurator lower than 9 V.
LINE BUSY	Other device using the line.
CMD NOT IMPLEMENTED	Software version not compatible between configurator and position transmitter.
DEVICE BUSY	Transmitter carrying out an important task, e.g., local adjustment.

ERROR MESSAGES	POTENTIAL SOURCE OF PROBLEM
POSITION TRANSMITTER MALFUNCTION	Transducer disconnected.
FOSITION TRANSMITTER MALFONCTION	Transducer failure.
COLD START	Start-up or reset due to power supply failure.
OUTPUT FIXED	Operating in local mode with fix position.
	Connected in burnout.
OUTPUT SATURATED	• Position out of calibrated span or in fail-safe (Output current in 3.9 or 21.0 mA).
SV OUT OF LIMITS	Temperature out of operating limits.
	Temperature sensor damaged.
	Position out of operation transmitter range.
PV OUT OF LIMITS	Transducer damaged or transducer not connected.
	Position transmitter with error configuration.
LOWER RANGE VALUE TOO HIGH	• The lower range value > (Upper limit of range - minimum span).
LOWER RANGE VALUE TOO LOW	The lower range value < (Upper limit of range).
UPPER RANGE VALUE TOO HIGH	 The upper range value > 110%. (Upper limit of range).
UPPER RANGE VALUE TOO LOW	 The upper range value < -10%. (Lower limit of range).
UPPER AND LOWER RANGE VALUES OUT OF LIMITS	Both the upper and lower points were outside the transmitter range limit.
SPAN TOO SMALL	• The difference, between the upper and lower points, is less than the allowed by the transmitter.
ACTUAL POSITION	The actual position is above of the upper range limit.
ACTUAL POSITION	The actual position is below of the lower range limit.
PASSED PARAMETER TOO LARGE	Parameter above operating limits.
PASSED PARAMETER TOO SMALL	Parameter below operating limits.
CONTROL LOOP SHOULD BE IN MANUAL	Indicates the operation could affect the output.
CONTROL LOOP MAY BE RETURNED TO AUTO	• After the operation is completed, you are reminded to return the loop to automatic control.

Table 4.1 - TP301 Diagnostics with Configurator

Diagnostics without Configurator

ERROR MESSAGES

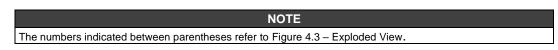
The Table 4.2 presents a list of possible diagnosis for the TP301.

SYMPTOM	CAUSES / SOLUTION
SAT	When the Indicator presents FAIL, the output current 3.6 mA, the default value for FAIL SAFE configuration. If the position may be either below or above the limits. Check if the magnet this installed correctly.
FAIL	The configurator allows the user to configure FAIL, the value of the current, 3.6 mA or 21 mA, it is defined in agreement with FAIL SAFE chosen: Up or Down. Verify electrical connection between the circuit boards.
NO OUTPUT SIGNAL VARIATION	Verify if the Magnet it is not stuck or loosen.

Table 4.2 - TP301 Diagnostics without Configurator

Disassembly Procedure

Refer to **TP301** Exploded View figure (Figure 4.3). Make sure to disconnect power supply before disassembling the position transmitter.



Transducer

To remove the transducer from the electronic housing, disconnect before the electrical connections (in the field terminal side) and the main board.

Loosen the hex screw (6) and carefully unscrew the electronic housing from the transducer, observing that the flat cable is not excessively twisted.

Electronic Circuit

To remove the circuit board (5) and indicator (4), first loose the cover locking (7) on the side not marked "Field Terminals", then unscrew the cover (1).

WARNING

The boards have CMOS components which may be damaged by electrostatic discharges. Observe correct procedures for handling CMOS components. It is also recommended to store the circuit boards in electrostatic-proof cases.

CAUTION

Do not rotate the electronic housing more than 270° without disconnecting the electronic circuit from the power supply.



Figure 4.1 - Transducer Rotation

Loosen the two screws (3) that anchor the indicator and the main circuit board. Gently pull out the indicator, and then the main board (5).

Reassembly Procedure

	WARNING
Do not assemble the main board with	power on.

Transducer

Mount the transducer to the housing turning clockwise until it stops. Then turn it counterclockwise until it faces the square of electronic housing to the square of transducer. Tighten the hex screw (6) to lock the housing to the transducer.

Electronic Circuit

Plug transducer connector and power supply connector to main board (5). Attach the display to the main board. Observe the four possible mounting positions. The \uparrow mark indicates up position.

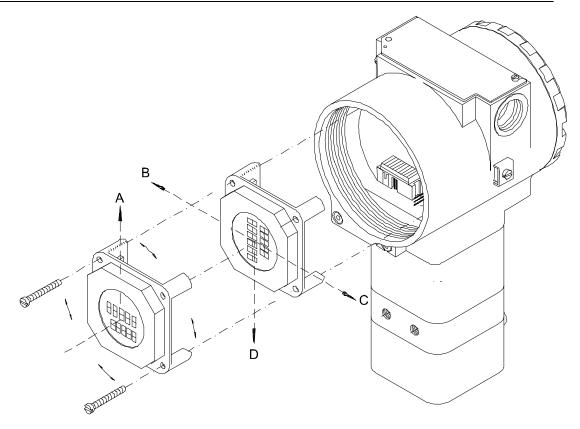


Figure 4.2 – Four Possible Positions for Indicator

Anchor the main board (5) in the housing (8) with their screws (3). After tightening the protective cover (1), mounting procedure is complete. The transmitter is ready to be energized and tested.

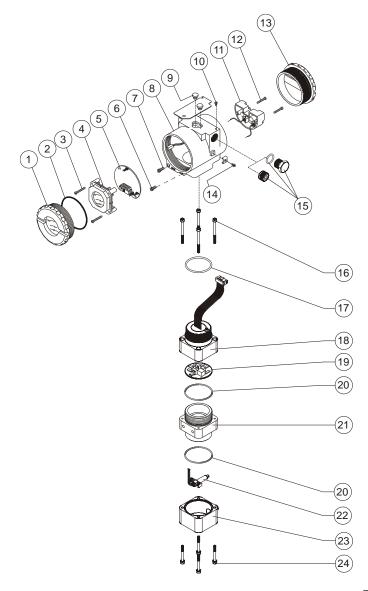
Interchangeability

Main board can be replaced by a similar new one keeping the operational features unchanged. The transducer EEPROM has all the information related to the TRIM and factory default configuration.

Accessories

ACCESSORIES			
ORDERING CODE	DESCRIPTION		
SD-1	Magnetic Tool for Local Adjustment.		
400-1176	Teflon guide for linear magnet.		
400-1177	Teflon guide for rotary magnet.		

Exploded View



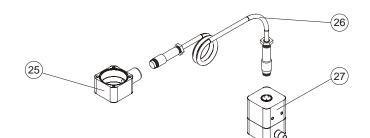


Figure 4.3 - TP301 Exploded View

Spare Parts List

SPARE PARTS LIST						
DESCRIPTION OF PARTS		POSITION	CODE	CATEGORY (NOTE 1)		
COVER WITH WINDOW	. Aluminum	1	204-0103			
COVER O-RING (NOTE 3)	. 316 SS . Buna-N	1 2	204-0106 204-0122	В		
COVER O-RING (NOTE 3)	. Units with indicator	3	304-0122	D		
ALUMINUM HOUSING MAIN BOARD SCREW	. Units without indicator	3	304-0118 304-0117			
	. Units with indicator	3	204-0118			
STAINLESS STEEL HOUSING MAIN BOARD SCREW	. Units without indicator	3	204-0117			
DIGITAL INDICATOR		4	214-0108			
MAIN ELECTRONIC CIRCUIT BOARD		5	400-0098	А		
	. M4 Screw	6	204-0121			
HOUSING LOCKING SCREW	. M6 Without Head Screw	6	400-1121			
COVER LOCKING SCREW		7	204-0120			
HOUSING (NOTE 2)		8	(NOTE 5)			
LOCAL ADJUSTMENT PROTECTION CAP		9	204-0114			
IDENTIFICATION PLATE SCREW		10	204-0116			
TERMINAL BLOCK ISOLATOR		11	400-0058			
	. Cover Aluminum	12	304-0119			
TERMINAL BLOCK HOLDING BOLT	. Cover 316 SS	12	204-0119			
	. Aluminum	13	204-0102			
COVER WITHOUT WINDOW	. 316 SS	13	204-0105			
EXTERNAL GROUND BOLT		14	204-0124			
	. 1/2" NPT Bichromatized	15	400-0808			
SIX-SIDED INTERNAL PLUG	Carbon SteeL BR-EX D . 1/2" NPT 304 SST BR-EX D	15				
	. 1/2" NPT Bichromatized	-	400-0809			
SIX-SIDED INTERNAL PLUG	Carbon SteeL	15	400-0583-11			
	. 1/2" NPT 304 SST	15	400-0583-12			
SIX-SIDED EXTERNAL PLUG	. M20 X 1.5 316 SST	15	400-0810			
SIX-SIDED EXTERNAL FLOG	. PG13.5 316 SST	15	400-0811			
RETAINING BUSHING	. 3/4" NPT 316 SST	15	400-0812			
CONNECTION COVER SCREW		16	400-0883			
CONNECTION COVER SET	. Aluminum	16, 17, 18, 19	400-0884			
	. 316 SS	16, 17, 18, 19	400-0885			
O-RING, Neck (NOTE 3)	. Buna-N	17	204-0113	В		
	. Aluminum	18	400-0074			
CONNECTION COVER	. 316 SS	18	400-0391			
ANALOG BOARD		19	400-0637			
UNION BLOCK O-RING		20	400-0085	В		
	. Aluminum	21	400-0386			
UNION BLOCK	. 316 SS	21	400-0387			
POSITION SENSOR COVER SET	. Aluminum	22, 23, 24	400-0656			
	. 316 SS	22, 23, 24	400-0657			
POSITION SENSOR BRACKET + POSITION SENSOR + FLAT CABLE		22	400-0090			
POSITION SENSOR COVER	. Aluminum	23	400-0089			
	. 316 SS	23	400-0396			
POSITION SENSOR COVER BOLT		24	400-0092			
REMOTE POSITION SENSOR COVER SET (NOTE 4)	. Aluminum	25	400-0853			
	. 316 SS	25	400-0854			
CABLE SET + CONNECTOR	. 5 M	26	400-0857			

SPARE PARTS LIST							
DESCRIPTION OF PARTS	POSITION	CODE	CATEGORY (NOTE 1)				
	. 10 M	26	400-0858				
	. 15 M	26	400-0859				
	. 20 M	26	400-0860				
	. Aluminum	27	400-0855				
REMOTE EXTENSION SET	. 316 SS	27	400-0856				
	. Aluminum	16 a 24	400-0038				
TRANSDUCER SET	. 316 SS	16 a 24	400-0400				
	. Carbon Steel	-	400-0339				
MOUNTING BRACKET,"L" + CLAMP "U" TO PIPE 2"	. 316 SS	-	400-0340				
	. Linear up to 50 mm	-	400-0035				
	. Linear up to 100 mm	-	400-0036				
MAGNETS	. Linear up to 30 mm		400-0748				
	. Rotary	-	400-0037				

NOTA

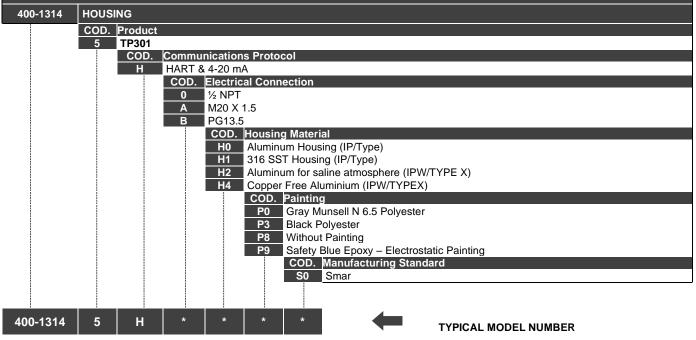
Note 1: For category A it is recommended to keep in stock 25 parts installed for each set and 50 for category B.

Nota 2: Includes terminal block isolator, bolts (cover locking, ground and terminal block isolator) and identification plate without certification. **Note 3:** O-rings are packaged with 12 units.

Nota 4: Includes cover, position sensor flat cable, and extension cable connector.

Nota 5: To specify the housing, use HOUSING ORDER CODE table.

HOUSING ORDER CODE



* Select item.

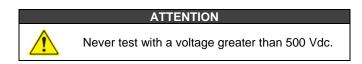
Isolation Test on Equipment Housings

1. Power off the equipment in the field, remove its back cover and disconnect all field cables from the transmitter terminal block, isolating them safely.

2. It is not necessary to remove the main board and display.

3. Jumper (connect) the power terminals (positive and negative) with the cable coming from the Megohmmeter (megger).

4. Configure the megohmmeter for 500 Vdc scale and check the isolation between the housing and the cable that short-circuits all the terminals.



5. The value obtained must be greater than or equal to $2G\Omega$ and the voltage application time must be at least 1 second and at most 5 seconds.

6. If the value obtained by the megohimmeter is below $2G\Omega$, the possibility of moisture entering the electrical connection compartment must be analyzed.

7. It is possible to loosen the two screws that secure the terminal block to the housing and carry out a superficial cleaning and dry the surface well. Afterwards, the isolation can be tested again.

8. If the isolation test still shows that the isolation has been compromised, the housing must be replaced and sent to Nova Smar S.A. for analysis and retrieval.

IMPORTANT

- a) For equipment certified Exd and Exi (Explosion Proof and Intrinsically Safe) the standards advise not to carry out repairs in the field of the housing electronic components, only at Nova Smar S.A.
- b) In normal use, the housing components must not cause failures that affect its isolation. For this reason, it is important to verify whether there are traces of water entering the housing and, if so, an assessment of the electrical installations and the sealing rings of the covers must be carried out. Nova Smar S.A. has a team ready to support the assessment of facilities, if necessary.

TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Function Specifications

	Linear Motion: 3 – 100 mm.						
Travel	Rotary Motion: 30 – 120° rotation angle.						
Input Signal	4-20 mA, Two-wire.						
Protection against Reverse Polarity	12 to 45 Vdc.						
Communication Protocol	HART Communication Protocol (It is superimposed on the current signal).						
Indicator	LCD indicator (4 ¹ / ₂ -numerical digit and 5- alphanumerical characters).						
Hazardous Area Certifications	See Appendix A.						
Zero and Span Adjustments	Non-interactive, via local adjustment or digital communication.						
Temperature Limits	Ambient: - 40 to 85 °C (- 40 to 185 °F) Storage: - 40 to 90 °C (- 40 to 194 °F) Digital Display: - 10 to 75 °C (14 to 167 °F) operation; - 40 to 85 °C (- 40 to 185 °F) without damage. Remote Sensor: - 40 to 105°C (- 40 to 221°F)						
Failure Alarm	In case of sensor or circuit failure, the self-diagnostics drivers the output to 3.9 or 21 mA, according to the user's choice.						
Turn-on Time	Performs within specifications in less than 5 seconds after power is applied to the transmitter.						
Update Time	Approximately 150 ms.						
Humidity Limits	0 to 100% RH.						
Output Action	Direct or Reverse.						
Actual Position Sensing	Magnetic (Non-contact) via Hall Effect.						
Configuration	Configuration can be done through digital communication using the Hart® protocol or partially through local adjustment.						

Performance Specifications

Accuracy	\leq 0.2% F. S. the effects of linearity, hysteresis and repeatability are included. (NOTE: Valid value only when used with the table of points. See configuration section in this manual).
Resolution	≤ 0.1% F.S.
Repeatability	≤ 0.5% F.S.
Hysteresis of Full Scale	\leq 0.2% F.S.
Stability	± 0.1% F.S.
Temperature Effect	± 0.8%/ 20°C F.S.
Power Supply Effect	± 0.005% F.S. Calibration.
Electromagnetic Interface Effect	Designed to comply with European Directive EMC 2004/108/EC.

Physical Specifications

Electrical Connection	1/2 - 14 NPT, PG 13.5, or M20 x 1.5.
Material of	Injected low copper aluminum with polyester painting or 316 stainless steel housing, with Buna-N o-
Construction	rings on cover (Nema 4X FM, IP65/67 EXAM, IP66/68 CEPEL).
Mounting Bracket	Plated carbon steel with polyester painting or 316 SST.
Identification Plate	316 SST.
Approximate Weights	 TP 1.5 kg in Aluminum (without mounting bracket); 3.3 kg in Stainless Steel (without mounting bracket). Remote sensor: 0.58 kg in Aluminum; 1.5 kg in Stainless Steel. Cable and remote sensor connectors: Cable 0.045 kg/m; 0.05 kg for each connector.

Ordering Code

1	HAR	T® & 4 1	o 20 mA
	COD	. Local	Display
	0	Withou	Local Display
	1	With Lo	cal Display
		COD.	Mounting Bracket
		0	Without Bracket
		1	Carbon Steel, "L" + clamp "U" pipe 2". (3)
		2	Stainless Steel, "L" + clamp "U" pipe 2". (3)
	-	3	Carbon Steel, rotary - VDI / VDE NAMUR
		4	Stainless Steel, rotary - VDI / VDE NAMUR
	Ì	7	Carbon Steel, "L" + clamp "U" pipe 2" - (316 SST) accessories. (3)
	į	ļ	COD. Electrical Connection
	į		0 1/2" - 14 NPT 3 1/2" - 14 NPT X 1/2 BSP (316 SST) - with ac
		ł	1 1/2" - 14 NPT X 3/4 NPT (316 SST) - with adapter A M20 X 1.5
		1	2 1/2" - 14 NPT X 3/4 BSP (316 SST) - with adapter B PG 13.5 DIN
			COD. Type of Actuator 1 Rotary
			1 Rotary 5 Linear Stroke up to 50 mm
			7 Linear Stroke up to 100 mm
	ł		A Linear Stroke up to 30 mm
		1	SPECIAL OPTIONS (1)
			COD. Housing
		i i	H0 Aluminum (IP/TYPE) H2 Aluminum for saline atmosphere (IPW/TYPE
		Ì	H1 316 Stainless Steel (IP/TYPE) H4 Copper Free Aluminium (IPW/TYPE X)
		į	COD. Identification Plate
	Ì	į	I1 FM: XP, IS, NI, DI I6 Without certification
	į	ļ	I4 EXAM (DMT): Ex-ia, IP IJ NEMKO - Ex-d
	į	ł	I5 CEPEL: Ex-d, Ex-ia, IP
		1	COD. Painting
	į		P0 Gray Munsell N 6.5 Polyester
		ł	P3 Black Polyester
		1	P8 Without Painting
			P9 Safety Blue Epoxy – Electrostatic Painting
			COD. TAG Plate
	ł		JO With TAG
			J1 Blank
			J2 According to user's notes
	ł		COD. Sensor Mounting (2) R0 Full Mounting
	ł		RU Fun Moduling R1 Remote sensor - 5 m cable
	ł	i	R1 Remote sensor - 10 m cable
	-	į	R3 Remote sensor - 15 m cable
		į	R4 Remote sensor - 20 m cable
	Ì	į	COD. Special
	i	ļ	ZZ See notes
	į	1	
		1	
-	1.	0	- 0 1 * * * * * * TYPICAL MODEL NUMBER
			NOTE
			there are not optional items.

3) Magnet mounting bracket not supplied with the TP.

CERTIFICATIONS INFORMATION

European Directive Information

Consult www.Smar.com for the EC declarations of conformity and certificates.

Authorized representative/importer located within the Community:

Smar Europe BV De Oude Wereld 116 2408 TM Alphen aan den Rijn Netherlands

ATEX Directive 2014/34//EU - "Equipment for explosive atmospheres" (applicable from 20 April 2016)

The EC-Type Examination Certificate is released by DNV Product Assurance AS (NB 2460) and DEKRA Testing and Certification GmbH (NB 0158).

Designated certification body that monitors manufacturing and released QAN (Quality Assurance Notification) is UL International Demko AS (NB 0539).

LVD Directive 2014/35/EU - "Low Voltage" (applicable from 20 April 2016)

According the LVD directive Annex II, electrical equipment for use in an explosive atmosphere is outside the scope of this directive.

According to IEC standard: IEC 61010-1 - Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control, and laboratory use - Part 1: General requirements.

ROHS Directive 2011/65/EU - "Restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment"

For the evaluation of the products the following standards were consulted: EN IEC 63000.

EMC Directive 2014/30/EU - "Electromagnetic Compatibility" (applicable from 20 April 2016)

For products evaluation the standard IEC 61326-1 were consulted and to comply with the EMC directive the installation must follow these special conditions:

Use shielded, twisted-pair cable for powering the instrument and signal wiring. Keep the shield insulated at the instrument side, connecting the other one to the ground.

Hazardous locations general information

Ex Standards:

IEC 60079-0 General Requirements IEC 60079-1 Flameproof Enclosures "d" IEC 60079-7 Increased Safe "e" IEC 60079-11 Intrinsic Safety "i" IEC 60079-18 Encapsulation "m" IEC 60079-26 Equipment with Separation Elements or combined Levels of Protection IEC 60079-31 Equipment dust ignition protection by enclosure "t" IEC 60529 Classification of degrees of protection provided by enclosures (IP Code) IEC 60079-10 Classification of Hazardous Areas IEC 60079-14 Electrical installation design, selection and erection IEC 60079-17 Electrical Installations, Inspections and Maintenance IEC 60079-19 Equipment repair, overhaul and reclamation ISO/IEC 80079-34 Application of quality systems for equipment manufacture

Warning:

Explosions could result in death or serious injury, besides financial damage.

Installation of this instrument in hazardous areas must be in accordance with the local standards and type of protection. Before proceedings with installation make sure that the certificate parameters are in accordance with the classified hazardous area.

Maintenance and Repair

The instrument modification or replaced parts supplied by any other supplier than authorized representative of Smar is prohibited and will void the Certification.

Marking Label

The instrument is marked with type of protection options. The certification is valid only when the type of protection is indicated by the user. Once a particular type of protection is installed, do not reinstall it using any other type of protection.

Intrinsic Safety / Non Incendive application

Only connect the equipment with the "Intrinsic safety" protection type to a circuit intrinsically safe. If the equipment has already been used in circuits not intrinsically safe or if the electrical specifications have not been respected, the safety of the equipment is no longer guaranteed for "Intrinsic Safety" installations.

In hazardous areas with intrinsic safety or non-incendive requirements, the circuit entity parameters and applicable installation procedures must be observed.

The instrument must be connected to a proper intrinsic safety barrier. Check the intrinsically safe parameters involving the barrier and equipment including the cable and connections. Associated apparatus ground bus shall be insulated from panels and mounting enclosures. Shield is optional, when using shielded cable, be sure to insulate the end not grounded.

Cable capacitance and inductance plus Ci and Li must be smaller than Co and Lo of the Associated Apparatus. It is recommended do not remove the housing covers when powered on.

Explosionproof / Flameproof application

Only use Explosionproof/Flameproof certified Plugs, Adapters and Cable glands.

The electrical connections entries must be connected using a conduit with sealed unit or closed using metal cable gland or metal blanking plug with at least IP66.

Do not remove the housing covers when powered on.

Enclosure

The electronic housing and sensor threads installed in hazardous areas must have a minimum of 6 fully engaged threads. The covers must be tightening with at least 8 turns, to avoid the penetration of humidity or corrosive gases, and until it touches the housing. Then, tighten more 1/3 turn (120º) to guarantee the sealing.

Lock the housing and covers using the locking screw.

The enclosure contains aluminum and is considered to present a potential risk of ignition by impact or friction. Care must be taken during installation and use to prevent impact or friction.

Degree of Protection of enclosure (IP)

IPx8: Second numeral meaning continuous immersion in water under special condition defined as 10m for a period of 24 hours (Ref: IEC60529).

IPW/ TypeX: Supplementary letter W or X meaning special condition defined as saline environment tested in saturated solution of NaCl 5% w/w at 35°C for a period of 200 hours (Ref: NEMA 250/ IEC60529).

For enclosure with IP/IPW/TypeX applications, all NPT threads must apply a proper water-proof sealant (a nonhardening silicone group sealant is recommended).

Hazardous Locations Approvals

FM Approvals

FM 3010145 / FM 3007267IS Class I, II, III Division 1, Groups A, B, C and D, E, F, G XP Class I, Division 1, Groups A, B, C, D DIP Class II, III Division 1, Groups E, F, G NI Class I, Division 2, Groups A, B, C, D T4; Ta = -25° C < Ta < 60° C; Type 4, 4X

Entity Parameters:

Vmax = 30 Vdc, Imax = 110 Ma, Ci = 5 nF, Li = 12 uH

Drawings 102A-0604, 102A-1236, 102A-1349, 102A-1957, 102A-1958

ATEX DNV

Explosion Proof (PRESAFE 21 ATEX 17657X) II 2G Ex db IIC T6 Gb Ta -20 °C to +60 °C Options: IP66/68W or IP66/68

Special Conditions for Safe Use ATEX and IECEx certified cable gland to be used. Repairs of the flameproof joints must be made in compliance with the structural specifications provided by the manufacturer. Repairs must not be made on the basis of values specified in tables 3 of EN/IEC 60079-1.

The Essential Health and Safety Requirements are assured by compliance with: EN 60079-0:2018 General Requirements EN 60079-1:2014 Flameproof Enclosures "d"

Drawings 102A-1450, 102A-1506

IECEx DNV

Explosion Proof (IECEx PRE 21.0015X) Ex db IIC T6 Gb Ta -20 °C to +60 °C Options: IP66/68W or IP66/68

Special Conditions for Safe Use ATEX and IECEx certified cable gland to be used. Repairs of the flameproof joints must be made in compliance with the structural specifications provided by the manufacturer. Repairs must not be made on the basis of values specified in tables 3 of EN/IEC 60079-1.

The Essential Health and Safety Requirements are assured by compliance with: IEC 60079-0:2017 General Requirements IEC 60079-1:2014-06 Equipment protection by flameproof enclosures "d"

Drawings 102A2165, 102A2166

ATEX DEKRA Intrinsic Safety (DMT 00 ATEX E 085) I M2 Ex ia I Mb II 2G Ex ia IIC T4/T5/T6 Gb

Supply and signal circuit intended for connection to an intrinsically safe 4-20 mA current loop: Ui = 28 Vdc, Ii = 93 mA, Ci \leq 5 nF Li = Neg

Maximum Permissible power:

Max. Ambient temperature Ta	Temperature Class	Power Pi		
85°C	T4	700 mW		
75°C	T4	760 mW		
44°C	T5	760 mW		
50°C	T5	700 mW		
55°C	T5	650 mW		

60°C	Τ5	575 mW
65°C	T5	500 mW
70°C	T5	425 mW
40°C	Т6	575 mW

Ambient Temperature: $-40^{\circ}C \le Ta \le +85^{\circ}C$

The Essential Health and Safety Requirements are assured by compliance with: EN 60079-0:2012 + A11:2013 General Requirements EN 60079-11:2012 Intrinsic Safety "i"

Drawings 102A-1450, 102A-1506, 102A-1580, 102A-1581

INMETRO NCC

Segurança Intrínseca (NCC 24.0156X) Ex ia IIC T5 Ga Ex ia IIIC T₂₀₀100°C Da Ui = $30 \vee$ Ii = $100 \text{ mA Pi} = 0,7 \vee$ Ci = 6,4 nF Li = despTamb: -20 °C a +50 °C IP66W/IP68W

Prova de Explosão (NCC 24.0146) Ex db IIC T6 Gb Ex tb IIIC T85 °C Db Tamb: -20 °C a +40 °C IP66W/IP68W

Observações:

O número do certificado é finalizado pela letra "X": Indicar que para a versão do Transmissor de Posição, Intrinsecamente Seguro, modelos TP290, TP301, TP302 e TP303 equipado com invólucro fabricado em liga de alumínio, somente pode ser instalado em "Zona 0", se durante a instalação for excluído o risco de ocorrer impacto ou fricção entre o invólucro e peças de ferro/aço.

O produto adicionalmente marcado com a letra suplementar "W" indica que o equipamento foi ensaiado em uma solução saturada a 5% de NaCl p/p, à 35 °C, pelo tempo de 200 h e foi aprovado para uso em atmosferas salinas, condicionado à utilização de acessórios de instalação no mesmo material do equipamento e de bujões de aço inoxidável ASTM-A240, para fechamento das entradas roscadas não utilizadas.

Os planos de pintura P1 são permitidos apenas para equipamento fornecido com plaqueta de identificação com marcação para grupo de gás IIB.

O grau de proteção IP68 só é garantido se nas entradas roscadas de ½" NPT for utilizado vedante não endurecível à base de silicone.

O segundo numeral oito indica que o equipamento foi ensaiado para uma condição de submersão de dez metros por vinte e quatro horas. O acessório deve ser instalado em equipamentos com grau de proteção equivalente.

É responsabilidade do fabricante assegurar que todos os transformadores da placa analógica tenham sido submetidos com sucesso aos ensaios de rotina de 1500 V durante um minuto.

Este certificado é válido apenas para os produtos dos modelos avaliados. Qualquer modificação nos projetos, bem como a utilização de componentes ou materiais diferentes daqueles definidos pela documentação descritiva dos produtos, sem a prévia autorização, invalidará este certificado.

As atividades de instalação, inspeção, manutenção, reparo, revisão e recuperação dos equipamentos são de responsabilidade dos usuários e devem ser executadas de acordo com os requisitos das normas técnicas vigentes e com as recomendações do fabricante.

Normas Aplicáveis:

ABNT NBR IEC 60079-0:2020 Atmosferas explosivas - Parte 0: Equipamentos - Requisitos gerais

ABNT NBR IEC 60079-1:2016 Atmosferas explosivas - Parte 1: Proteção de equipamento por invólucro à prova de explosão "d"

ABNT NBR IEC 60079-11:2013 Atmosferas explosivas - Parte 11: Proteção de equipamento por segurança intrínseca "i"

ABNT NBR IEC 60079-26:2022 Atmosferas explosivas - Parte 26: Equipamentos com elementos de separação ou níveis de proteção combinados

ABNT NBR IEC 60079-31:2022 Atmosferas explosivas - Parte 31: Proteção de equipamentos contra ignição de poeira por invólucros "t"

ABNT NBR IEC 60529:2017 Graus de proteção providos por invólucros (Código IP)

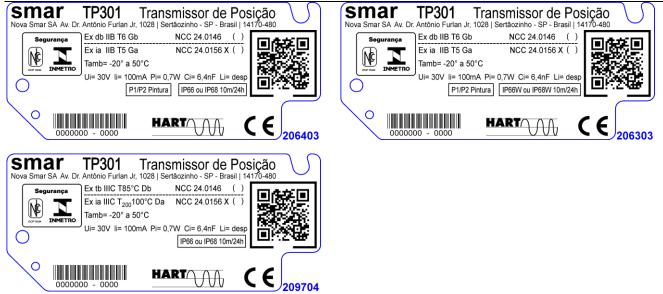
Desenhos 102A1378, 102A1305, 102A2064, 102A2063, 102A2097

Identification Plate

FM Approvals



TP301 – Certifications Information



FM Approvals

HAZARDOUS AREA UREMENTS: INSTALLATION TO BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH ANSI/ISA RP12-6	TRANSMITTER SPECIFICATION MUST BE IN ACCORDANCE TO APPROVAL LISTING. ASSOCIATED APPARATUS GROUND BUS TO BE INSULATED FROM PANELS AND MOUNTING ENCLOSURES. AND MOUNTING ENCLOSURES. ASSOCIATED APPARATUS GROUND BUS RESISTANCE TO EARTH MUST BE SMALLER THAN 1(ONE) OHM. OBSERVE TRANSMITTER POWER SUPPLY LOAD CURVE. WIRES: TWISTED PAIR, 222WG OR LARGER. WIRES: TWISTED PAIR, 222WG OR LARGER.	COMPONENTIANCE AND INDUTANCE PLUS CI AND LI MUST BE SMALLER THAN CA AND LA OF THE ASSOCIATED APPARATUS. INTRINSICALLY SAFE APPARATUS ENTITY VALUES: CIESINF LI=12uH VITAX=30VDC Imax=110mA CIMPONENTS CAN NOT BE SUBSTITUTED WITHOUT PREVIOUS MANUFACTURER APPROVAL.	MODEL TP290 & TP301 - SERIES CLASS I,II,III DIV1, GROUPS A,B,C,D,E,F & G ENTITY VALUES: 4-20mt CI= 5.6fr Li= 12.0H Vmax ≤ 30V Imax ≤ 110mA
		8 SHIELDING	
NON HAZARDOUS OR DIVISION 2 AREA	SAFE AREA APPARATUS UNSPECIFIED, EXCEPT THAT IT MUST NOT BE SUPPLIED FROM, NOR CONTAIN UNDER NORMAL OR ABNORMAL CONDITIONS, A SOURCE OF POTENTIAL IN RELATION TO EARTH IN EXCESS OF 250VAC OR 250VDC.	SIGNAL SIGNAL SIGNAL SIGNAL SIGNAL CONDENS	ENTITY PARAMETERS FOR ASSOCIATED APPARATUS CLASS I,II,III DIV.1, GROUPS A,B,C,D,E,F & G Ca ≥ CABLE CAPACITANCE +5nF La ≥ CABLE INDUCTANCE +12uH 4-20mA Voc ≤ 30V Isc ≤ 110mA
APPROVAL	CONTROLLED BY C.A.R. DR/	ACIR SINASTRE BASÍLIO MISSAWA	FM APPROVED Smar
01 MARCI 26/11/ REV BY	AL MISSAWA ALT-DE	1 /00 08 / 11 /00 08 / 11 /00 08 / 11 /00 MENT: TP290/TP301 CONTROL DRAWING	NUMBER REV 102A0604 01 SCALE SHEET 01/01

sm	ar		S	RF –	Ser	vice R	eque	est Fo	orm	
					TP	Position Tra	nsmitter			
				GENE	ERAL D					
Model:										
Coriol	TP302()	Firmware V	ersion:			_ TP303()	Firmware	e Version: _		
Serial Number:				S	Sensor N	umber:				
TAG:										
Remote Position Sensor?	Yes ()		No ()							
Action:	Rotary ()		Linear ()							
Travel:	30 mm ()		50 mm ()	1	00 mm ()			Other:	m
Configuration:	Magnetic Too	ol ()	Palm()	Psion ()	PC ()	Softwar	e:	Version:	
				INSTALI	LATION	DATA				
Туре:	Valve + Atu	uador ()		Other:						
Size:										
Travel: Manufacturer:										
Model:										
Hazardous Áre Classification	a Non-Classi	ified ()	Chemica		ESS D		Other: _			
Interference Types	Vibration ()	Tempera	iture()	Electro	magnetic ()	Others: _			
			\$	SITUATIO	N DESC	RIPTION				
				SERVICE	SUGGI	ESTION				
Adjustment (Cleaning	g()	Pre	eventive l	Vaintenance ()	U	pdate / Up-grad	de ()
Other:										
				USER IN	NFORM.					
Company:										
Contact:										
Title:										
Section:										
Phone:								Extension	1:	
E-mail:									/	
		For war	rranty or non-	warranty rep	oair, plea	se contact you e found on ww	ır represer	itative.		

Returning Materials

Should it become necessary to return the transmitter and/or configurator to **SMAR**, simply contact our office, informing the defective instrument serial number, and return it to our factory.

In order to speed up analysis and solution of the problem, the defective item should be returned with a description of the failure observed, with as much details as possible. Other information concerning the instrument operation, such as service and process conditions, is also helpful.

Instruments returned or to be revised outside the warranty term should be accompanied by a purchase order or a quote request.