## CONTROLLERS DATASHEET DF75 HSE Controller

## Modbus

communication protocol efalodbus


Technology Company

## Product Description

DF75 module is the second generation of Smar Logic Controller including 2 Ethernet ports for HSE protocol and capability of FOUNDATION Fieldbus block execution. DF75 is a HSE Field Device whose main purpose is the discrete control associated with continuous control through the use of Foundation Fieldbus Blocks. Through the I/O cards, it is possible to execute the discrete control via relay diagram logic (Ladder Diagram). Besides that DF75 has two Ethernet ports that guarantee high availability of control and supervision. DF75 also have redundant operation, giving higher availability security level for industrial process.

## Main Characteristics

Functionalities:


- HSE Field Device
- Modbus Gateway (serial and TCP/IP)
- Ethernet connectivity

Technical Characteristics:

- Two $10 / 100 \mathrm{Mbps}$ Ethernet ports;
- Support up to 100 FOUNDATION fieldbus function blocks;
- 128 parameters can be linked externally via HSE links;
- Support Flexible Function Block (FFB);
- Discrete control via relay diagram;
- Access to I/O modules;
- Webserver;
- Modbus Gateway;
- Redundant operation;
- Real Time Clock (RTC) and watchdog;
- Supervision for up to 2000 points per second;
- It supports up to 16 HART modules (DF116/DF117)

Available Memory:

| Volatile Memory | 8 Mbytes |
| :--- | :--- |
| Non Volatile Memory ${ }^{*}$ | 4 Mbytes |
| EEPROM | 1 kbyte |
| Flash to the program | 4 Mbytes |
| Flash to monitor | 2 Mbytes |

## Continuous Control with Foundation Fieldbus

The DF75 module is a HSE Field Device, with block execution capability. It has up to 100 blocks, including a Flexible Function Block to link Foundation Fieldbus control strategies with Ladder. Through configuration tools available in the System302, as the Studio302 and Syscon, it is possible to configure the DF75 completely.

## Discrete Control

DF75 module also has the capability of access I/O cards through the IMB (Inter-Module Bus), present in the backplane where the DF75 is mounted. Through the IMB, up to 15 racks can be interconnected, each one having up to 4 cards. If there is a redundant controller is necessary the use of rack DF78 or DF92. If DF78 is used plus 16 racks DF1A can be added. If DF92 is used plus 16 racks DF93 can be used. Additional power supplies in others racks can be necessary depending on the load of the cards.

DF Line of I/O cards that can be used:

| Digital inputs and outputs |
| :--- |
| Analog inputs and outputs* |
| Temperature |
| Pulse counting |

The user program is developed using relay diagrams (IEC-61131-3), through the LogicView for FFB tool, available on System302. The LogicView for FFB is a complete development environment, allowing the user to create, edit, simulate and supervise the developed application. The interconnection with fieldbus is made through a flexible function block.

General Characteristics of the discrete control in the DF75:

| I/O Points* | 1024 discrete points or 512 analog (maximum) |
| :---: | :---: |
| Auxiliary Points | Maximum of 4096 points |
| Ladder Function Blocks | Maximum of 2000 blocks** |
| Configuration File | Maximum 120 kbytes ** |
| Program Execution Cycle for 1000 boolean operations (without redundancy) | 10 ms (minimum)*** <br> 32 ms (typical)**** |
| Program Execution Cycle with redundancy | Increment of 10 ms (typical)***** up to 50 ms (maximum) to execution cycle |
| Execution Average Time | $1.1 \mathrm{~ms} /$ Kbytes of program (minimum) <br> $3.7 \mathrm{~ms} /$ Kbytes of program (typical) |
| *The whole number of points includes inputs and outputs, analog or digitals. Maximum may change according I/O type used. <br> ** 120 Kbytes and 2000 blocks are available in firmware version $2 . x$ and later. Earlier versions limits are 60 Kbytes and 1200 blocks respectively. <br> ${ }^{* * *} 1131$ Flexible Function Block adjusted to Zero (Very High Priority) and no other function blocks and HSE links are configured. Each 1000 boolean operations allocate 8.6 Kbytes. <br> **** Total execution time will change depending on the adjusted priority of 1131 FFB. The adjustment should be compatible with the quantity of function blocks and HSE links. <br> ***** The whole execution time may change depending of the configuration file size. |  |

The extensive library of LogicView for FFB function blocks allow the implementation of discrete and/or continuous control.

The complete list can be seen in the LogicView for FFB manual available on the Smar website.

The size of the configuration file and its time of execution can be estimated through a simple addition of the elements that compose the program. The total execution time will be given by the configuration execution time plus the program execution cycle, that is 10 ms .

## Redundant Operation

DF75 can operate in stand alone (one DF75) or redundant (two DF75) mode. In redundant mode, the two DF75 are capable to communicate through a proprietary channel and change information about configuration and operation status.

Some DF75 elements are redundant:

- HSE Block Redundancy
- HSE link Redundancy
- Ladder Redundancy
- Supervision Redundancy
- Ethernet Media Redundancy

Topology to interconnection of DF75 in redundancy:


Redundancy General Characteristics:
For redundancy of access in I/O cards, it is necessary the use of a special rack (DF78 or DF92). The two power supplies and the two DF75 must be mounted on this rack, in that order. The remaining modules can be interconnected as usually.


## Internal Battery

The DF75 Real Time Clock (RTC) and its non volatile RAM (NVRAM) are maintained by a non-chargeable battery when there is lack of external supply. This battery can be either enabled or disabled, depending on the position of the switch 1 , in the back part of the DF75. To enable the battery, let the switch 1 as the following picture:

1) Battery ON
2) Keep in this position
3) Simulate
4) Watchdog ON
5) Keep in this position

In this configuration, when there is lack of energy, the RTC and the NVRAM will be supplied by the battery, allowing the retention of all configuration data. In case of equipment storage, it is recommended that the battery is turned off (switch 1 in position OFF).

Battery features:

| Type of battery | Battery Panasonic BR- <br> $2 / 3 A E 2 S P$ <br> - Lithium |
| :--- | :--- |
| Capacity | 1200 mAh |
| Devices maintained by the <br> battery | RTC and NVRAM |
| Minimum life span | 8 years (typical charge of <br> $17 \mathrm{uA})$ |
| Maximum life span | 49 years (typical charge of <br> $2,8 \mathrm{uA})$ |
| Voltage | $3 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{( } \mathrm{subject} \mathrm{to} \mathrm{revision} \mathrm{when}$ <br> below 2.5 V$)$ |

## Communication Ports and Channels

Ethernet Port:

| Communication rate | $10 / 100 \mathrm{Mbps}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Standard | IEEE 802.3 u |
| Isolation | 150 Vrms |
| Operation Mode | Full-duplex |
| Connector | RJ45 with shield* |
| *Grounded to the rail used for fixing the rack in which the DF75 is installed. |  |

Modbus Port:

| Maximum Communication <br> Rate $*$ | 115200 bps |
| :--- | :--- |
| Standard | EIA-232 |
| Connector ** | RJ12 with shield |
| Maximum Current *** | $0.5 A$ @ 3.3V |
| There is an increase in error rate as we increase the communication rate over 19200 bps. In many |  |

*There is an increase in error rate as we increase the communication rate over 19200 bps. In many
situations these errors can be acceptable and they are not noticed by supervision.
*** Internally protected by solid state fuse.

Redundant Port

| Maximum Communication <br> Rate | 115200 bps * |
| :--- | :--- |
| Standard | EIA-232 |
| Connector | RJ12 with shield ${ }^{* *}$ |
| Maximum Current $^{* * *}$ | 0.5 A @ 3.3V |

*Rate for control information. Data traffic through Ethernet.
${ }_{* * *}^{* *}$ Grounded to the rail used for fixing the rack in which the DF75 is installed.
*** Internally protected by solid state fuse.

Failure Relay

| Output type | Solid state relay, normally <br> closed (NC), isolated |
| :--- | :--- |
| Maximum Voltage | 30 VDC |
| Maximum Current | 200 mA |
| Overload Protection | Not available. Must be <br> provided externally |
| Normal Operation | Open contacts |
| Failure Condition | Closed contacts |
| Maximum cable length <br> connected to the relay | 30 m |

The power supply for the load must not be from an external network (outside the panel).

IMB Bus

| Voltage | 5 VDC |
| :--- | :--- |
| Bus | 8 bits |
| Failure Signal | Yes |
| Hot Swap | Yes |
| Redundancy in the bus <br> access | Yes, but only using the DF78 <br> or DF92 rack |

## Module Features:

Controller:

| CPU | Family ARM7TDMI |
| :--- | :--- |
| Bus | 32bits |
| Architecture | RISC |
| Performance | 40 MIPS |
| CPU Cache | 8 kbytes |
| Clock | 40 MHz |
| DMA | 10 channels |
| Ethernet | MAC 10/100 integrated |
| Watchdog | Yes (200ms of cycle) |
| Operation Voltage | 3.3 V for I/O |

Module:

| Operation Voltage | $5 \mathrm{~V}( \pm 5 \%$ of tolerance) |
| :--- | :--- |
| Typical Current | 550 mA |
| Real Consumption | 2.75 W |
| Environment Air |  |
| Temperature (Operation) | 0 to $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (IEC 1131) |
| Storage Temperature | -20 to $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (IEC 1131) |
| Relative Air Humidity <br> (Operation) | $5 \%$ to $95 \%$ (non- <br> condensing) |
| Cooling Mode | Air Convection |
| Dimensions (HxWxD, mm) | $149 \times 40 \times 138$ (without <br> package) |

## Electrical Certification

DF75 follows the immunity test specification to equipment to industrial installation, as IEC61326:2002 standard.

Enclose:

| Electrostatic discharge <br> (IEC61000-4-2) | $4 \mathrm{kV} / 8 \mathrm{kV}$ contact/air |
| :--- | :--- |
| EM field <br> (IEC61000-4-3) | $10 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m}$ |
| Rated power frequency <br> magnet field <br> (IEC61000-4-8) | $30 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{m}$ |

AC power:

| Voltage dip/short <br> interruptions <br> (IEC61000-4-11) | 0.5 cycle, each <br> polarity $/ 100 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Burst <br> (IEC61000-4-4) | 2 kV |
| Surge <br> (IEC61000-4-5) | $1 \mathrm{kV} / 2 \mathrm{kV}$ |
| Conducted RF <br> (IEC61000-4-6) | 3 V |

DC power

| Burst <br> (IEC61000-4-4) | 2 kV |
| :--- | :--- |
| Surge <br> (IEC61000-4-5) | $1 \mathrm{kV} / 2 \mathrm{kV}$ |
| Conducted RF <br> (IEC61000-4-6) | 3 V |

I/O signal control

| Burst <br> (IEC61000-4-4) | 1 kV |
| :--- | :--- |
| Surge <br> (IEC61000-4-5) | 1 kV |
| Conducted RF <br> (IEC61000-4-6) | 3 V |

I/O signal control connected directly to power supply network:

| Burst <br> (IEC61000-4-4) | 2 kV |
| :--- | :--- |
| Surge <br> (IEC61000-4-5) | $1 \mathrm{kV} / 2 \mathrm{kV}$ |
| Conducted RF <br> (IEC61000-4-6) | 3 V |

Emission Rate:
Enclose:

| 30 to 230 MHz <br> (CISPR $16-1$, CISPR 16-2) | $40 \mathrm{~dB}(\mathrm{uV} / \mathrm{m})$ quasi peak, <br> measured at 10 m distance |
| :--- | :--- |
| 239 to 1000 MHz | $40 \mathrm{~dB}(\mathrm{uV} / \mathrm{m})$ quasi peak, |
| (CISPR 16-1, CISPR 16-2) | measured at 10m distance |

AC mains:

| 0.15 to 0.5 MHz | $79 \mathrm{~dB}(\mathrm{uV})$ quasi peak |
| :--- | :--- |
| (CISPR $16-1$, CISPR 16-2) | $66 \mathrm{~dB}(\mathrm{uV})$ average |
| 0.5 to 5 MHz | $73 \mathrm{~dB}(\mathrm{uV})$ quasi peak |
| (CISPR 16-1, CISPR 16-2) | $60 \mathrm{~dB}(\mathrm{uV})$ average |
| 5 to 30 MHz |  |
| (CISPR $16-1$, CISPR 16-2) | $73 \mathrm{~dB}(\mathrm{uV})$ quasi peak |

Note: For most recent updates, please consult Smar website www.smar.com.


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